

# Logic

An **interpretation**  $I$  is a mapping between the elements of the language and the elements of a conceptualization of the world.

conclusion, consequent  $B$

- ▶ **Equivalence**  $A \leftrightarrow B$
- ▶ **Negation**  $\neg B$

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# Logic

## ▶ Syntax

$x \geq y$  **Yes!**

$x \cdot y \geq$  **No!**

## ▶ Semantics

- ▶  $x \geq y$  **FALSE** when  $y$  is bigger than  $x$
- ▶ Under what states of affairs or worlds is  $x \geq y$  true.

# Propositional Logic

- ▶ **Conjunction**  $A \wedge B$
- ▶ **Disjunction**  $B \vee C$
- ▶ **Implication**  $A \rightarrow B$

premise, antecedent  $A$

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# Logic

## ▶ Entailment

$\text{KB} \models \alpha$

## ▶ Derivability

$\text{KB} \vdash_i \alpha$

$\text{KB} \vdash \alpha$

## ▶ Sound

## ▶ Complete

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## Propositional Logic

### Semantics

- ▶ **P** "A is on B"
- ▶ **I(P)** = **True** or **I(P) = False** for all propositional symbols P.
- ▶ **True** – true
- ▶ **False** – false

### Truth Tables

$P$	$Q$	$P \leftrightarrow Q$
true	true	true
false	true	false
true	false	false
false	false	true

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## Propositional Logic

### Syntax

*True, False  
 $P, Q, \dots$  Propositional Symbols  
 $\wedge, \vee, \leftrightarrow, \rightarrow, \neg, (, )$*

*Sentence  $\Rightarrow$*

True		
False		
<i>PropositionalSymbol</i>		
(Sentence)		
Sentence $\wedge$ Sentence		
Sentence $\vee$ Sentence		
Sentence $\rightarrow$ Sentence		
Sentence $\leftrightarrow$ Sentence		
$\neg$ Sentence		

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## Propositional Logic

### Truth Tables

	$P$	$Q$	$P \wedge Q$
true	true	true	true
false	true	true	false
true	false	false	false
false	false	false	false

*True*

*False*

*PropositionalSymbol*

(Sentence)

Sentence  $\wedge$  Sentence

Sentence  $\vee$  Sentence

Sentence  $\rightarrow$  Sentence

Sentence  $\leftrightarrow$  Sentence

| $\neg$ Sentence

# Propositional Logic

$$\begin{aligned} I(P) &= T \\ I(Q) &= F \\ I(R) &= F \\ I(S) &= T \\ I \models (P \wedge Q) \vee R \end{aligned}$$

## Truth Tables

$P$	$Q$	$\neg P$	$\neg P \vee Q$	$P \rightarrow Q$	$(\neg P \vee Q) \leftrightarrow (P \rightarrow Q)$
true	true	false	true	true	true
false	true	true	true	false	true
true	false	false	false	false	false
false	false	true	true	true	true

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# Propositional Logic

# Propositional Logic

## Semantics

- ▶ Interpretation
- ▶ Compositionality
- ▶ Valid, Tautology
- ▶ Satisfiable
- ▶ Unsatisfiable

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$P$	$\neg P$
true	false
false	true

## Truth Tables

$P$	$\neg P$
true	false
false	true

## Truth Tables

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## Rules of Inference

### And-Elimination

$$\frac{\alpha_1 \wedge \alpha_2 \dots \wedge \alpha_n}{\alpha_i}$$

### And-Introduction

$$\frac{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n}{\alpha_1 \wedge \alpha_2 \dots \wedge \alpha_n}$$

### Resolution

$$\frac{\alpha \vee \beta, \neg\beta \vee \gamma}{\alpha \vee \gamma}$$

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## Propositional Logic

### Rules of Inference

$$\alpha \vdash \beta$$

### Or-Introduction

$$\frac{\alpha}{\alpha_1 \vee \alpha_2 \dots \vee \alpha_n}$$

### Double Negation Elimination

$$\frac{\neg\neg\alpha}{\alpha}$$

### Modus Ponens

$$\frac{\alpha \rightarrow \beta, \alpha}{\beta}$$

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