Agents and Knowledge Representation and Reasoning

An Introduction

Agents in the Real World

- # Mitsubishi Concordia, Java-based mobile agent system.
 - http://www.merl.com/projects/concordia
- # Copernic Agents for Internet Searching. http://www.copernic.com
- # IBM Aglets http://www.trl.ibm.com/aglets/
- # Earlier, General Magic's Messaging Agents and Apple Newton's Agent Software

Agents in the Academic World

AAAI 2002 Workshops

Agent-Based B2B Electronic Commerce

Agent-Based Systems for Information Retrieval

Coalition Formation in Dynamic Multiagent Environments

Game Theoretic and Decision Theoretic Agents

Cognitive Robotics

Multi-Agent Modeling and Simulation of Economic Systems

Autonomy, Delegation, and Control: From Inter-Agent to

Agents in the Academic World (Cont)

- # The Fifth International Conference on Autonomous Agents 2001, Montreal
- # ATAL '01 Eighth International Workshop on Agent Theories, Architectures, and Languages. Seattle, 2001
- # AAMS 2002, Bologna, Italy First International Joint Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multi-Agent Systems, July 2002.

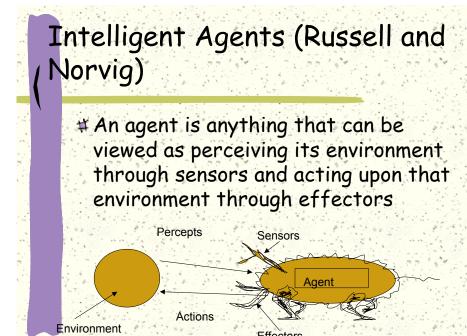
Agents in the Academic World (cont)

- ** Artificial Intelligence. January 1995.
 Volume 72, Numbers 1-2. Special
 Issue. Computational Research on
 Interaction and Agency
- #Communications of the ACM. July 1994. Special Issue on Intelligent Agents.

- Agents in the Academic World (Cont)
 - # Artificial Intelligence: A Modern
 Approach, by Stuart Russell and Peter
 Norvig. Prentice Hall 1995. (2003 Second Editon)
 # Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis,
 - by Nils J. Nilsson. Morgan Kaufmann 1998.

 # Heterogeneous Agent Systems, by V.S.
 Subrahmanian et al. MIT Press 2000.





Example: Rodney -- A UNIX Softbot

- #Oren Etzioni etal.
- #Notify me if my disk utilization exceeds 80%
- #Let me know when Neal logs into his workstation.
- # Show me any posts containing the string "bicycle" that appear on the market bulletin board this week.

Rodney (cont)

- # Compress all files that haven't been accessed for a week.
- #Print my file on a nearby printer that is not busy, and tell me where to find it when the printing is finished.
- #Locate Neal Mitchell

Softbots

- # A softbot's effectors are commands transmitted to the external environment in order to change its state. (e.g. UNIX shell commands such as MV or COMPRESS)
- # A softbot's sensors are commands that provide the softbot with information about its external worls (e.g. pwd or 15)

Softbots (cont)

- # Dynamic, real-world environment # Filtering electronic mail
- # Sending routine messages such as meeting reminders, talk
- # Scheduling meetings
- # Scheduling meetings

announcements etc.

#Performing system maintenance tasks

Interface Agents

Computer programs that employ artificial intelligence techniques in order to provide assistance to a user dealing with a particular application ... The methaphor is that of a personal assistant who is collaborating with the user in the same work environment. (Maes '94)
Pattie Maes -- MIT Media Lab

Intelligent Web Search Agents

Numerous Examples and Applications # Sophisticated Knowledge Based Search Engines.

DAI: Distributed AI

- # Les Gasser
- # Collection of Interacting Knowledge-Based Processes
- # Coordinating a collection of agents to jointly take actions or to solve problems
- # Applications: expert systems, collaborative problem solving, scheduling, design

Agents

- # People
- # Robots
- # Softbots
- # Programs

Agency

- # Definition due to Phil Agre '95, AIJ
- # Autonomy: Agents operate without the direct intervention of humans or others, and have some kind of control over their actions and internal state.

Social Ability: Agents interact with other agents (and possibly humans) via some kind of agent-communication language.

Agency (cont)

*Reactivity: Agents perceive their environment (which may be the physical world, a user via a graphical user interface, a collection of other agents, the Internet, or perhaps all of these combined), and respond in a timely fashion to changes that occur in it.

Agency (cont)

Agency (cont)

#Pro-Activeness: Agents do not simply act in response to their environment, they are able to exhibit goal-directed behavior by taking the initiative.

A Stronger Notion of Agency

- # A Computer system that is either conceptualized or implemented using concepts that are more usually applied to humans. These concepts are mentalistic notions such as knowledge, belief, intention, obligation etc.
- # (Woolridge and Jennings '95, Shoham '93)

#Using principled characterizations of interactions between agents and their environments to guide explanation and design. (Philip Agre 1995).

What is AI? (cont)

- # ... the study and construction of rational agents.
- # Acting rationally means acting in such a way as to achieve one's goals given one's beliefs.
- # An agent is just something that perceives and acts.
- # (Russell and Norvig 1995)

What is AI? (cont)

What is A.I.

- #In this approach, AI is viewed as the study and construction of rational agents.
- # (Russell and Norvig 1995)

KR Hypothesis (Brian Smith)

*Any mechanically embodied intelligent process will be comprised of structural ingredients that a) we as external observers naturally take to represent a propositional account of the knowledge that the overall process exhibits, and b) independent of such external attribution, play a formal but causal and essential role in engendering the behavior that manifests that knowledge.

Propositions

- # Statements about the world that are either true or false, right or wrong.
- # Symbols stand for things in the world
- # Men
- # Women

Propositions (cont)

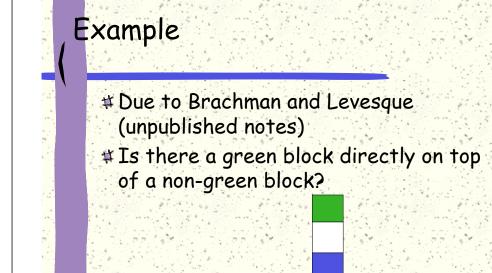
- #"John loves Mary" stands for the proposition that JOHN LOVES MARY.
- #"John" is a symbol standing for JOHN.
- #ETC

Reasoning

- # Manipulation of Symbols encoding propositions to obtain new propositions.
- # From "John is Mary's Father"
- #We can infer that "John is an adult male."

Implicit and Explicit Knowledge

- **#KB** is a set of sentences
- $\#KB = \alpha$
- #Explict Knowledge -- KB
- #Implicit Knowledge $\{\alpha \mid KB \mid = \alpha\}$



Knowledge Affects Action

- # Do action A if sentence P is in KB.
- #Vs
- #Do action A if world believed in Satisfies P.

Example

- # "Patient x is allegric to medicine m."
- #"All people allergic to m are also allergic to n."
- #"Is it ok to prescribe n for x"

Knowledge Based Systems

Separate Knowledge Base #Expert Systems -- Knowledge Base vs Shell

#Language Understanding, planning, diagnosis, "expert systems' # game-playing, vision # speech, motor control.

What Tasks demand KB Systems

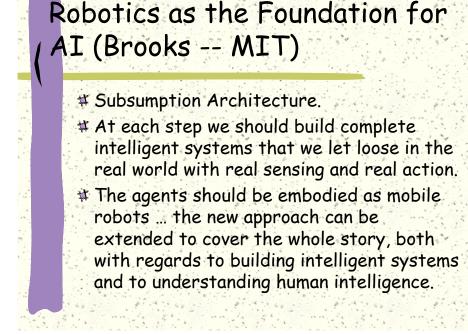
Intentional Stance

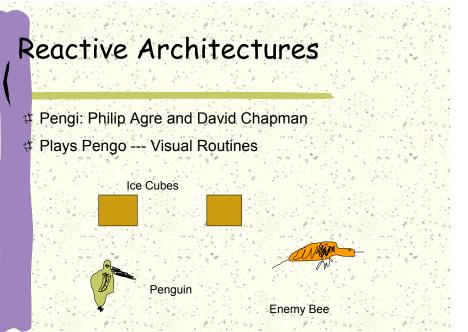
- # Ascription of beliefs, intentions, abilities, wants, or desires to a machine or organism. # When is this useful?
- # How does it relate to KR hypothesis?

Work on Agents

- # Agent Architectures (Symbolic vs NonSymbolic Processing)
- # Agent Languages
- # Agent Theories
- # Applications

#Logics #Specifying Agents #Intentional Stance #Many unresolved issues, Which Logics? Which Mental Attributes?





#Rosenschen and Kaelbling #All Symbolic Manipulation Done at Compile Time # A Logical Specification is compiled into an automata.

Touring Machines

- #Innis Ferguson
- # Multiple Layers
- #Reactive Layer
- # Planning Layer
- # Modelling Layer

Agent Languages

- # A system that allows one to program hardware or software computer systems in terms of some of the concepts developed by agent theorists.
- # Shoham -- Agent O, Agent Oriented Programming
- # Thomas PLACA

Some Applications

- # Supply Chain Management
- # Avoiding Aircraft Accidents
- # Data Integration
- #Personalized Visualization
- # Army War Reserves Logistics

Summary and Conclusions

- # BEWARE of the many uses of the word "Agents."
- # "Agents" provide interesting applications for many ideas that are being developed in AI.
- # But there is no easy solution to the difficult problems involved in KR -- Knowledge Representation and Reasoning"